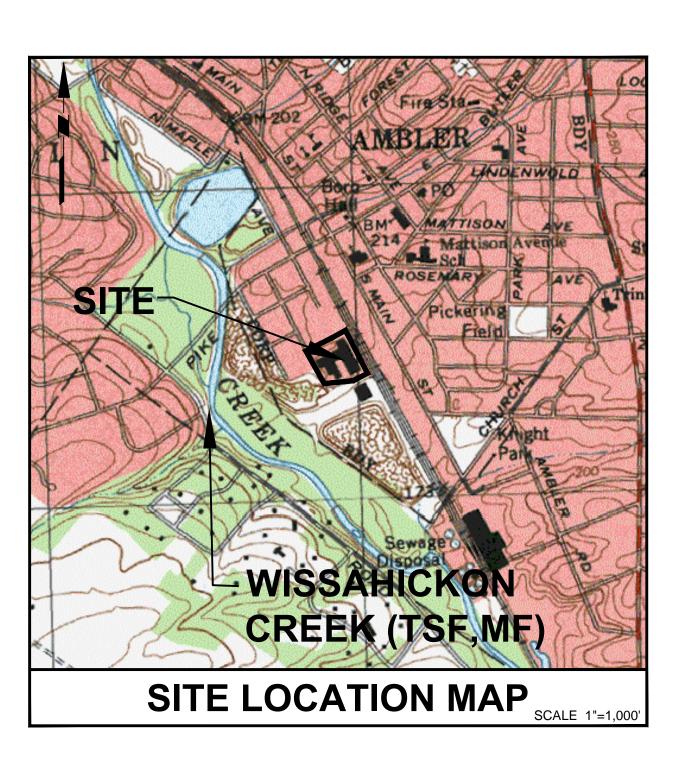
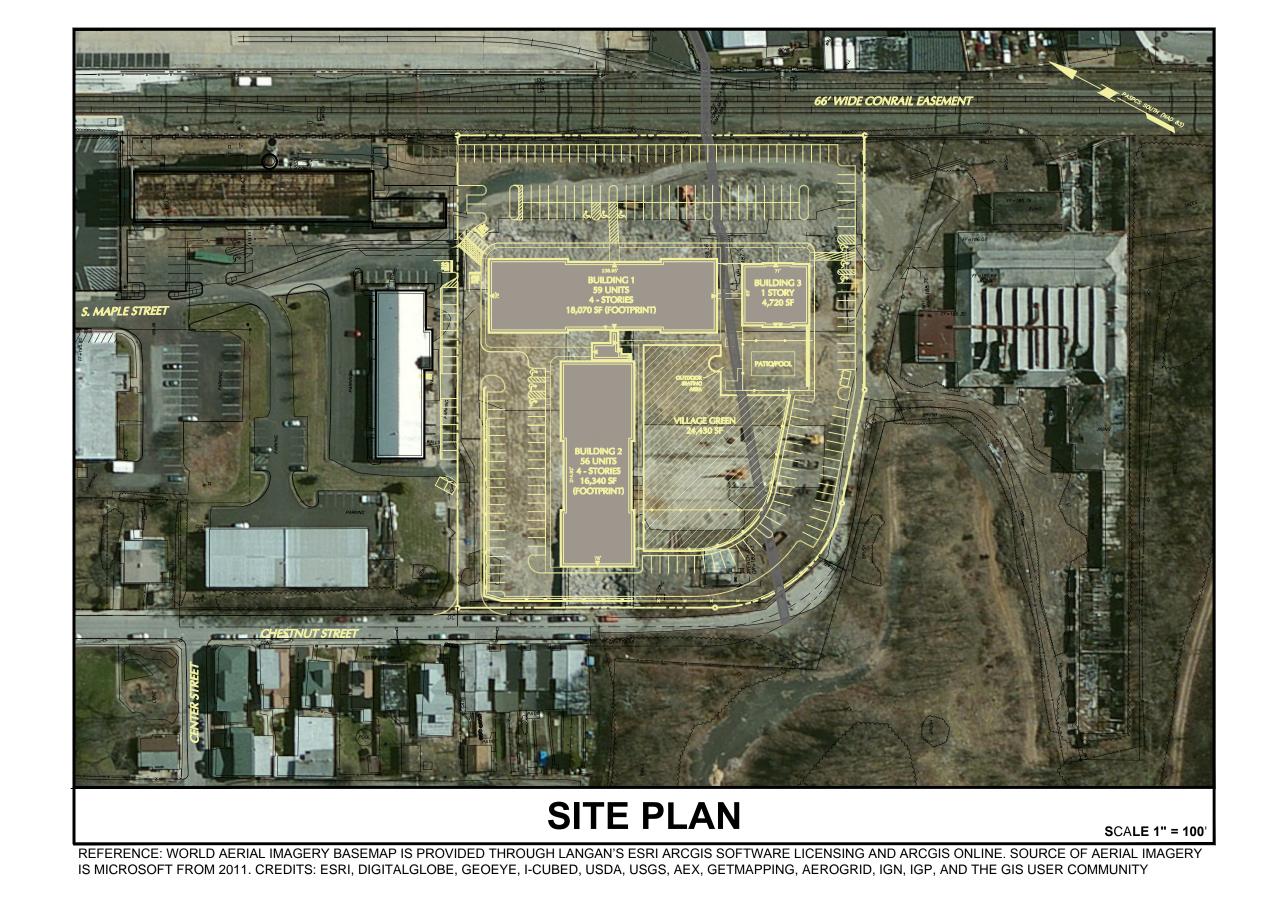
AMBLER CROSSINGS BOROUGH OF AMBLER, MONTGOMERY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN APPLICATION





DRAWING LIST				
Page No.	Drawing No.	Drawing Title	Scale	Date Revised
1	CE-100	COVER SHEET	AS SHOWN	12/18/2013
2	CE-101	SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN-MAGNESIA EXCAVATION-DISPOSAL STAGE 1	1"=30'	12/18/2013
3	CE-102	SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN STAGE 2	1"=30'	12/18/2013
4	CE-103	SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN STAGE 3	1"=30'	12/18/2013
5	CE-501	SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS	N.T.S.	12/18/2013
6	CE-502	SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS	N.T.S.	12/18/2013

CONTACTS

SEWER COLLECTION ENGINEER Gilmore & Associates Inc. 331 Butler Avenue New Britain, PA 18901

SEWER TREATMENT ENGINEER Environmental Engineering & Management Associates, Inc.

Kulpsville, PA 19443 215-368-3375

215-345-4330

P.O. Box 232

ELECTRIC AND GAS PECO

Customer Service Center 2301 Market Street P.O. Box 8699

Philadelphia, PA 19101 Customer service inquiries call: 1-800-494-4000 Gas or electric emergency call: 1-800-841-4141

BOROUGH ENGINEER Gilmore & Associates Jim Dougherty 350 Butler Ave New Britain, PA 18901

BOROUGH HALL 122 East Butler Avenue Ambler. PA 19002 215-646-1000

215-345-4330

SEWER AND WATER SERVICE Borough of Ambler 122 East Butler Avenue Ambler, PA 19002-4476 215-628-9457 215-628-0142 Fax

APPLICANT / EQUITABLE OWNER:

AMBLER CROSSINGS DEVELOPMENT PARTNERS, LP 201 S. MAPLE AVENUE, SUITE 100 AMBLER, PA 19002 P: (484)532-7830

RECORD OWNER: MAPLE AVE PARK PARTNERS, LLP 110 SPRUCE ROAD AMBLER, PA 19002 P: (484)532-7830

ENGINEER & SURVEYOR LANGAN

Phone: 610.984.8500 Fax: 610.984.8501 One West Broad Street Suite 200 Bethlehem, PA 18018 www.langan.com

- 1. These plans represent the overall sitework improvements required for project construction. The Contractor shall furnish, install, test and complete all work to the satisfaction of the Engineer and Owner in accordance with the Contract Documents. The Contractor shall be solely responsible for means and methods of construction; as such, these plans do not completely represent, nor are they intended to represent, all specific instructions required for sitework construction. The Contractor shall be responsible to construct all improvements depicted on these plans in accordance with all applicable rules, regulations and laws in effect at the
- 2. The Contractor shall accept the site as is. The Contractor shall assess conditions, and the kind, quality and quantity of work required. The Owner makes no guarantee in regard to the accuracy of any available information which was obtained during investigations. The Contractor shall make a thorough site inspection in order to field check existing site conditions, correlate conditions with the drawings and resolve any possible construction conflicts with the Owner and Engineer prior to commencement of work. The Contractor shall make additional topographic surveys he deems necessary, provided they are coordinated with the Owner. Any conditions determined by the Contractor that differ from the information shown on the drawings that are not brought to the attention of the Owner and Engineer prior to the start of work shall not be considered grounds for additional payment or changes to the contract duration, or any other claims against the Owner or Owner's
- 3. The Contractor shall, when they deem necessary, provide written Requests for Information (RFIs) to the Owner and Engineer prior to the construction of any specific sitework item. The (RFI) shall be in a form acceptable to Owner and Engineer and shall allow for a minimum of two work days or additional reasonable time for a written reply. RFIs shall be numbered consecutively by date submitted. The Contractor shall be solely responsible for sitework items constructed differently
- 4. Information related to elevations and proposed utilities (such as roadway grades, invert elevations, rim elevations, grate elevations, building finished floor elevations, etc.) may be found in more than one location in the Contract Documents. The Contractor shall sufficiently review all plans, profiles and any other information in the Contract Documents for consistency prior to construction. Any inconsistencies or discrepancies that are found by the Contractor or his assigns shall be immediately brought to the attention of the Owner and Engineer in writing, in the format of an RFI prior to construction.
- 5. There are additional notes, specifications and requirements contained throughout the plan set as well as references to specifications from applicable governing authorities and industry standards. It is the Contractor's responsibility to obtain, review and adhere to all these documents.

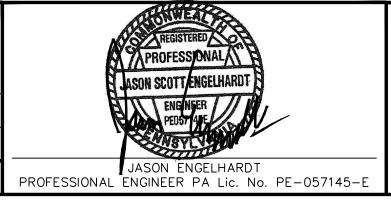
ACT 287 AS AMENDED

UTILITY LOCATIONS AS SHOWN ON THIS PLAN ARE APPROXIMATE AND IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR, PER PA. ACT 287 AS AMENDED TO CONTACT THE UTILITY COMPANIES FOR MORE ACCURATE LOCATION PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION TO OBTAIN ADDITIONAL UTILITY INFORMATION OR TO ARRANGE FOR FIELD LOCATION OF EXISTING UTILITIES BEFORE EXCAVATION, CALL THE PENNSYLVANIA ONE CALL SYSTEM AT 1-800-242-1776. THE UTILITY COMPANIES SHOWN MAY OR MAY NOT HAVE UTILITY

> CALL BEFORE YOU DIG!! Pennsylvania One Call System, Inc. 1-800-242-1776

> > SERIAL NUMBER 2935617

12-18-13	PER PADEP REVIEW LETTER	1.
Date	Description	No.
	REVISIONS	



LANGAN One West Broad Street, Suite 200, Bethlehem, PA 18018 T: 610.984.8500 F: 610.984.8501 www.langan.com NEW JERSEY NEW YORK VIRGINIA CALIFORNIA PENNSYLVANIA CONNECTICUT FLORIDA ABU DHABI ATHENS DOHA

DUBAI ISTANBUL Langan Engineering, Environmental, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, D.P.C. Langan Engineering and Environmental Services, Inc.

AMBLER CROSSINGS

AMBLER BOROUGH

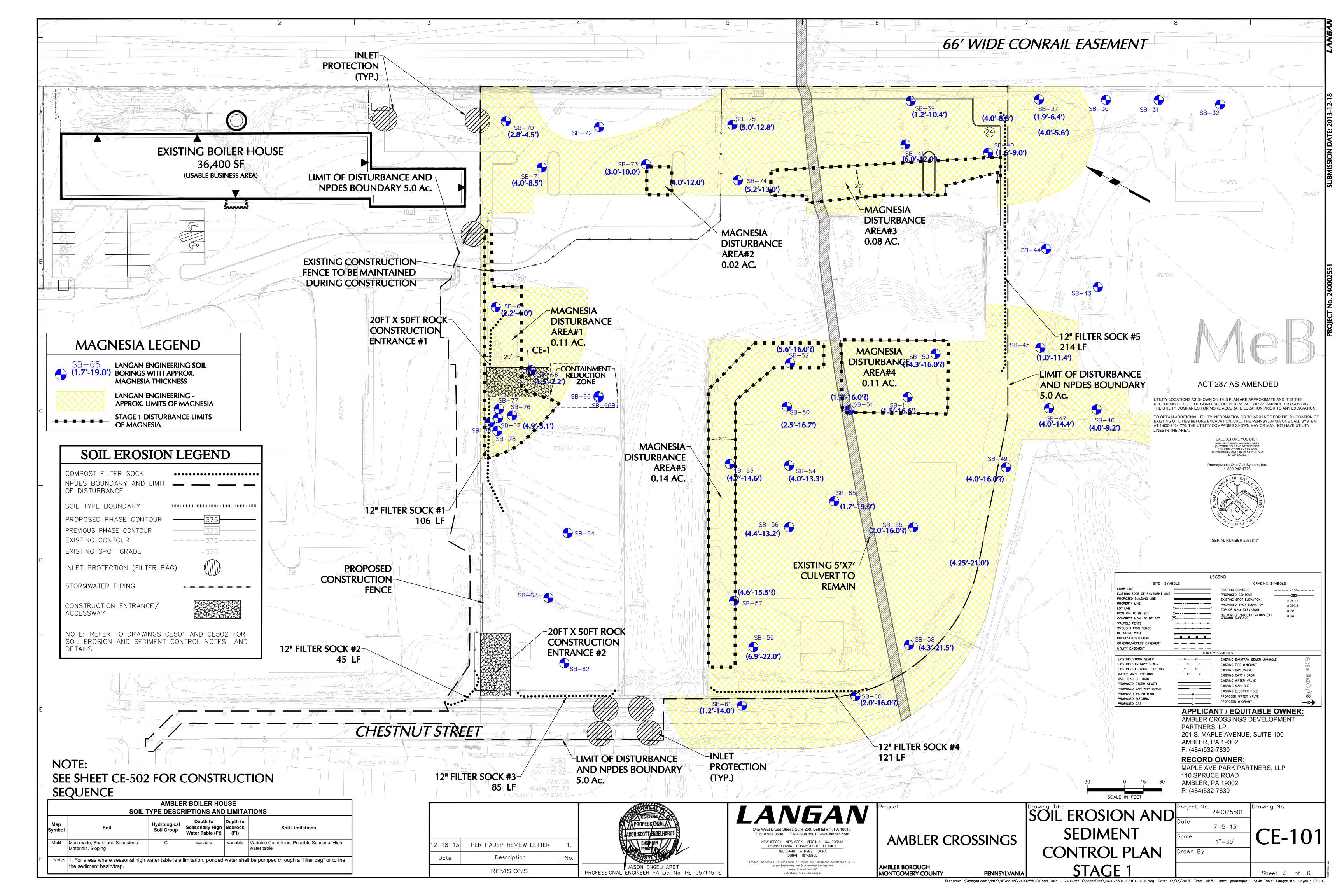
MONTGOMERY COUNTY

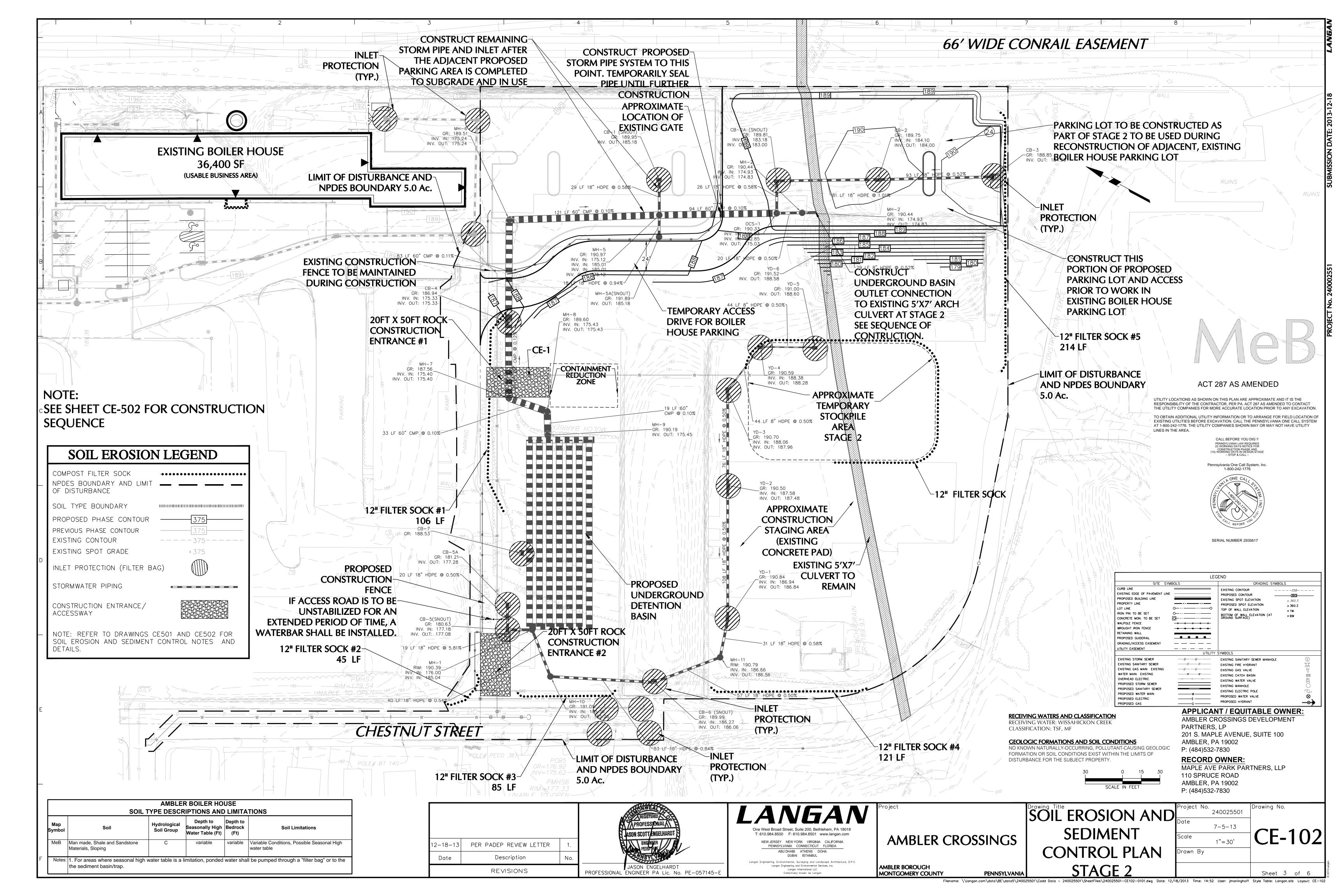
COVER SHEET

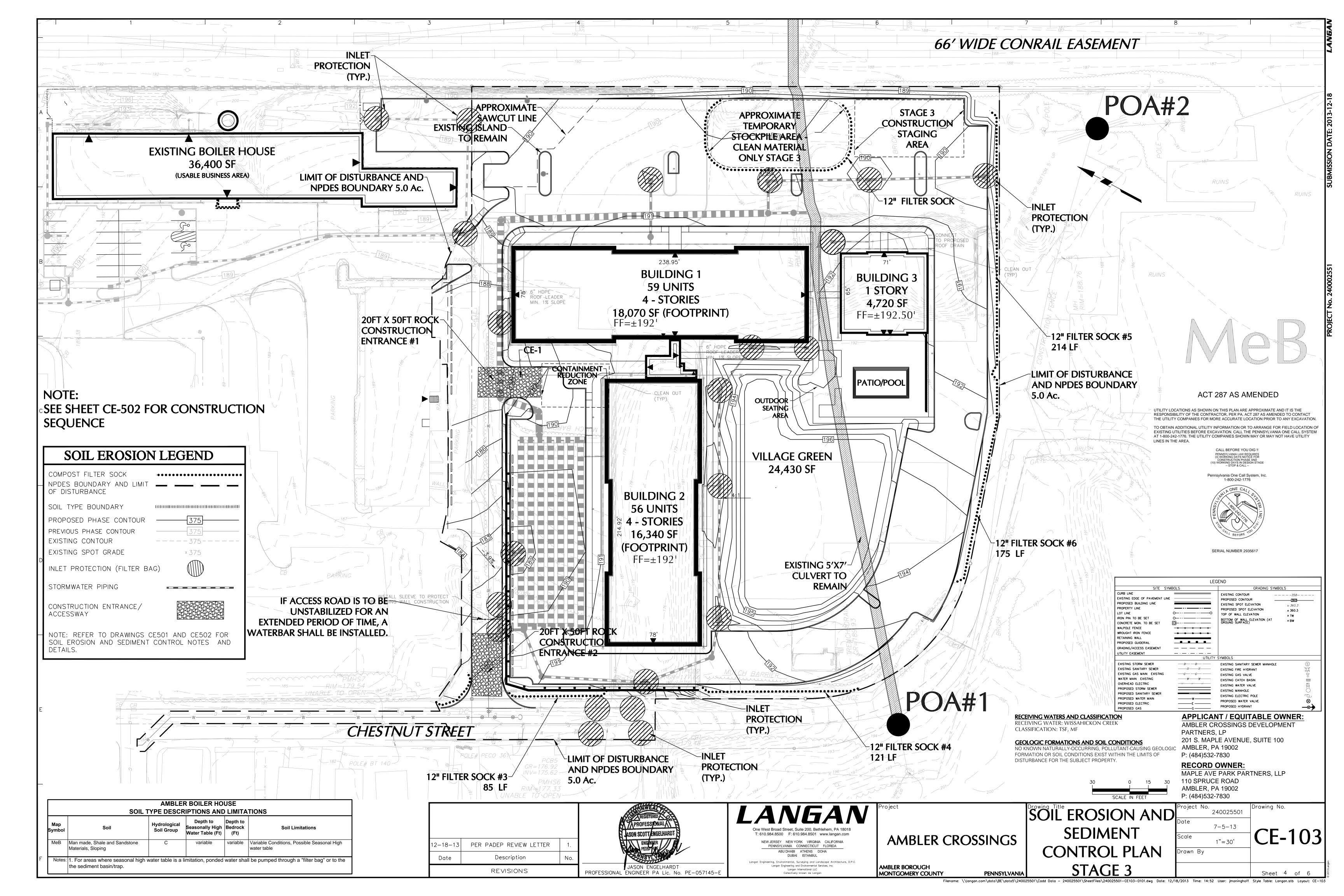
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Project No.	Drawing No.
240025501	Drawing No.
Date 7-5-13	
Scale AS SHOWN	CE-100
Drawn By	

PENNSYLVANIA







Adapted from USDA Forest Service

Waterbars shall discharge to a stable area.

((1)

NOTES:

Waterbars shall be inspected weekly (daily on active roads) and after each runoff event. Damaged or eroded waterbars shall be restored to original dimensions within 24 hours of

Maintenance of waterbars shall be provided until roadway, skidtrail, or right-of-way has achieved permanent stabilization.

Waterbars on retired roadways, skidtrails, and right-of-ways shall be left in place after permanent stabilization has been achieved.

TARLE 3.1 - Maximum Waterhar Spacing

I ABLE 3.1 – Maxi	I ABLE 3.1 – Maximum Waterbar Spacing			
PERCENT SLOPE	SPACING (FT)			
<5	250			
5 - 15	150			
15 - 30	100			
> 30	50			
Adapted from USDA Forest Service				

WATER BAR DETAIL

-1/4 D FILTER

(NO. 57 STONE

MATERIAL

MATERIAL

(R-3 STONE)

STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAIL #4-1 COMPOST FILTER SOCK _ 2" X 2" WOODEN STAKES PLACED 10' O. COMPOST FILTER SOCK BLOWN/PLACED FILTER MEDIA -UNDISTURBED AREA

Sock fabric shall meet standards of Table 4.1. Compost shall meet the standards of Table 4.2. Compost filter sock shall be placed at existing level grade. Both ends of the sock shall be extended at least 8 feet up slope at 45 degrees to the main sock alignment (Figure 4.1). Maximum slope length above any sock shall not exceed that shown on Figure 4.2. Stakes may talled immediately downslope of the sock if so specified by the manufa Traffic shall not be permitted to cross filter socks.

Accumulated sediment shall be removed when it reaches half the aboveground height of the sock and disposed in the manner described elsewhere in the plan. Socks shall be inspected weekly and after each runoff event. Damaged socks shall be repaired according to manufacturer's specifications or replaced within 24 hours of inspection Biodegradable filter socks shall be replaced after 6 months; photodegradable socks after 1 year. Polypropylene socks shall be replaced according to manufacturer's recommendations Upon stabilization of the area tributary to the sock, stakes shall be removed. The sock may be left in place and vegetated or removed. In the latter case, the mesh shall be cut open and the mulch spread as a soil supplement.

SOIL MATERIAL

9" OF FILTER

(TYPE A SAND)

(NO. 57 SIEVE)

_9" OF FILTER

MATERIAL

MATERIAL

by dry weight) of man-made foreign matter. The compost product should not resemble the raw mate from which it was derived. Wood and bark chips, ground construction debris or reprocessed wood he maximum slope length above a compost filter sock should not exceed those shown in Figure 4.2 NOTE: Slope length is not addressed by use of multiple rows of compost socks. The anticipated products are not acceptable as the organic component of the mi e physical parameters of the compost should comply with the standards in Table 4.2. The standards ome other types may last longer. Projects with disturbances anticipated to last longer than the nctional life of a sock should plan to replace the socks periodically or use another type of BMP. contained in the PennDOT Publication 408 are an acceptable alternative Ipon stabilization of the tributary area, the filter sock may be left in place and vegetated or removed. In

the latter case, the mesh is typically cut open and the mulch spread as a soil supplement. In either case, the stakes should be removed. Filter socks using other fillers may be approved on a case-by-case basis if sufficient supporting information (including manufacturer's specs and independent test data) is provided. However, they might not qualify as ABACTs. Wherever compost socks are used, Table 4.1 should be placed on a detail sheet.

	Compos	t Sock Fabric	Minimum Spe	cifications		
Material Type	3 mil HDPE	5 mil HDPE	5 mil HDPE	Multi-Filament Polypropylene (MFPP)	Heavy Duty Multi-Filament Polypropylene (HDMFPP)	
Material	Photo-	Photo-	Bio-	Photo-	Photo-	
Characteristics	degradable	degradable	degradable	degradable	degradable	
Sock Diameters	12" 18"	12" 18" 24" 32"	12" 18" 24" 32"	12" 18" 24" 32"	12" 18" 24" 32"	
Mesh Opening	3/8"	3/8"	3/8"	3/8"	1/8"	
Tensile Strength	0,0	26 psi	26 psi	44 psi	202 psi	
Ultraviolet Stability % Original Strength (ASTM G-155)	23% at 1000 hr.	23% at 1000 hr.		100% at 1000 hr.	100% at 1000 hr.	
Minimum Functional Longevity	6 months	9 months	6 months	1 year	2 years	
		Two-pl	y systems			
			HDPE biaxial net			
	Inner Containment Netting Continuously wound Fusion-welded junctures 3/4" X 3/4" Max. aperture size					
Inner (
Out	3/4" A 3/4 max. aperture size Composite Polypropylene Fabric (Woven layer and non-woven fleece Outer Filtration Mesh mechanically fused via needle punch)		ne Fabric oven fleece			
				3/16" Max. apertur		
Sock fahri	es composed o	f burlap may be	used on proje	cts lasting 6 mont	hs or less.	
JUCK INDITI						

compost should be a well decomposed, weed-free organic matter derived from agriculture, food, stump rindings, and yard or wood/bark organic matter sources. The compost should be aerobially composted. The compost should necess pro policifunglia edites and should be responsibly free (<1%). 363-2134-008 / March 31, 2012 / Page 63

COMPOST FILTER SOCKS

(MAXSIDE

SLOPE TYP.)

% - 100% (dry weight basis) 98% pass through 1" screen

363-2134-008 / March 31, 2012 / Page 64

MAINTAIN STOCK PILE SURFACE

STABILIZATION NOTES

PLACE 12" COMPOST FILTER

OF STOCKPILE

NOTE: ANY STOCKPILE CONTAINING ASBESTOS LADEN SOIL MATERIAL MUST BE COVERED TO PREVENT WIND DISPERSION.

TEMPORARY TOPSOIL STOCKPILE

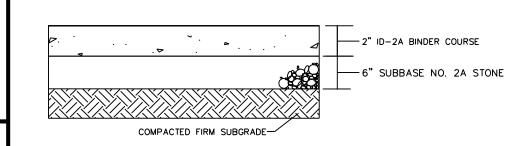
TEMPORARY STOCKPILE DETAIL

SOCK AROUND DOWNHILL SIDE

IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEMPORARY

ROCK FILTER OUTLE

HEIGHT OF ROCK -



*TEMPORARY PAVEMENT SECTION SHALL BE COORDINATED WITH THE GEOTECHNICAL

STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAIL # 4-6

Rock Filter Outlet

OUTLET CROSS-SECTION

3' MIN.

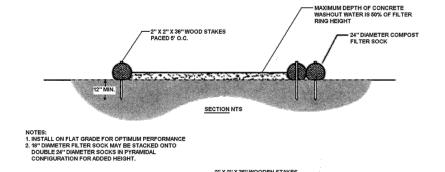
UP-SLOPE FACE

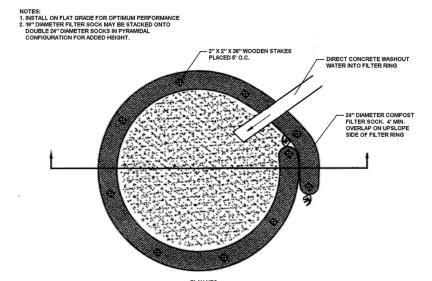
A rock filter outlet shall be installed where failure of a silt fence or straw bale barrier has

Sediment shall be removed when accumulations reach 1/3 the height of the outlet.

FIGURE 3.18 **Typical Compost Sock Washout Installation** MAXIMUM DEPTH OF CONCRETE WASHOUT WATER IS 50% OF FILTER VING HEIGHT

TEMPORARY ACCESS DRIVE PAVING





A suitable impervious geomembrane shall be placed at the location of the washout prior to installing the socks. Adapted from Filtrexx

CONCRETE WASHOUT DETAIL

SINKHOLE TREATMENT

SANDBAG, FILTER LOG, COMPOST SOCK, OR FILTER TUBE FXPANSION RESTRAINT (In. NYLON ROPE) INSTALLATION DETAIL INSTALLATION DETAIL ISOMETRIC VIEW EARTHEN BERM TO BE STABILIZED WITH-TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT VEGETATION PLAN VIEW

INLET PROTECTION (FILTER BAG) CURBED ROADWAY

MAXIMUM DRAINAGE AREA = 1/2 ACRE. INLET PROTECTION SHALL NOT BE REQUIRED FOR INLET TRIBUTARY TO SEDIMENT BASIN OR TRAP. BERMS SHALL BE REQUIRED FOR ALL INSTALLATIONS. ROLLED EARTHEN BERM SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL ROADWAY IS STONED. ROAD SUBBASE BERM SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL ROADWAY IS PAVED. SIX INCH MINIMUM HEIGHT ASPHALT BERM SHALL

BE MAINTAINED UNTIL ROADWAY SURFACE RECEIVES FINAL COAT.
AT A MINIMUM, THE FABRIC SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM GRAB TENSILE STRENGTH OF 120 LBS, A

PADOT TYPE 'C' INLET

INVERTED FILTER 2

(DRAINAGE AREA 5-15 ACRES)

NOTE: SEE SINKHOLE REMEDIATION NOTES IN EROSION AND SEDIMENT POLLUTION CONTROL REPORT PREPARED

MINIMUM BURST STRENGTH OF 200 PSI, AND A MINIMUM TRAPEZOIDAL TEAR STRENGTH OF 50 LBS. FILTER BAGS SHALL BE CAPABLE OF TRAPPING ALL PARTICLES NOT PASSING A NO. 40 SIEVE. INLET FILTER BAGS SHALL BE INSPECTED ON A WEEKLY BASIS AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT. BAGS SHALL BE EMPTIED AND RINSED OR REPLACED WHEN HALF FULL OR WHEN FLOW CAPACITY HAS BEEN REDUCED SO AS TO CAUSE FLOODING OR BYPASSING OF THE INLET. DAMAGED OR CLOGGED BAGS SHALL BE REPLACED. A SUPPLY SHALL BE MAINTAINED ON SITE FOR REPLACEMENT OF BAGS. ALL NEEDED REPAIRS SHALL BE INITIATED IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE INSPECTION. DISPOSE OF ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT AS WELL AS ALL USED BAGS ACCORDING TO THE PLAN NOTES. DO NOT USE ON MAJOR PAVED ROADWAYS WHERE PONDING MAY CAUSE TRAFFIC HAZARDS.

EXPANSION RESTRAIN (1/4 IN. NYLON ROPE) ~2 IN X 2 IN, X 3/4 IN, NOTES:

BY LANGAN ENGINEERING & ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

18" OF FILTER

(R-3 STONE)

INVERTED FILTER 1

(DRAINAGE AREA LESS THAN 5 ACRES)

NOTE: SEE SINKHOLE REMEDIATION NOTES IN EROSION AND SEDIMENT POLLUTION CONTROL REPORT PREPARED

MATERIAL

MAXIMUM DRAINAGE AREA = 1/2 ACRE INLET PROTECTION SHALL NOT BE REQUIRED FOR INLET TRIBUTARY TO SEDIMENT BASIN OR TRAP. BERMS SHALL BE REQUIRED FOR ALL INSTALLATIONS. ROLLED EARTHEN BERM IN ROADWAY SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL ROADWAY IS STONED. ROAD SUBBASE BERM ON ROADWAY SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL ROADWAY IS PAVED. EARTHEN BERM IN CHANNEL SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL PERMANENT STABILIZATION IS COMPLETED OR REMAIN

AT A MINIMUM, THE FABRIC SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM GRAB TENSILE STRENGTH OF 120 LBS., A MINIMUM BURST STRENGTH OF 200 PSI, AND A MINIMUM TRAPEZOIDAL TEAR STRENGTH OF 50 LBS. FILTER BAGS SHALL BE CAPABLE OF TRAPPING ALL PARTICLES NOT PASSING A NO. 40 SIEVE. INLET FILTER BAGS SHALL BE INSPECTED ON A WEEKLY BASIS AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT. BAGS SHALL BE EMPTIED AND RINSED OR REPLACED WHEN HALF FULL OR WHEN FLOW CAPACITY HAS BEEN REDUCED SO AS TO CAUSE FLOODING OR BYPASSING OF THE INLET. DAMAGED OR CLOGGED BAGS SHALL BE REPLACED. A SUPPLY SHALL BE MAINTAINED ON SITE FOR REPLACEMENT OF BAGS. ALL NEEDED REPAIRS SHALL BE INITIATED IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE INSPECTION. DISPOSE ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT AS WELL AS ALL USED BAGS ACCORDING TO THE PLAN NOTES.

DO NOT USE ON MAJOR PAVED ROADWAYS WHERE PONDING MAY CAUSE TRAFFIC HAZARDS.

MAINTENANCE PROGRAM STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAIL # 3-1 Rock Construction Entrance

MIN. 8" AASHTO #1

* MOUNTABLE BERM USED TO PROVIDE PROPER COVER FOR PIPE

Remove topsoil prior to installation of rock construction entrance. Extend rock over full width

Mountable berm shall be installed wherever optional culvert pipe is used and proper pipe cover

as specified by manufacturer is not otherwise provided. Pipe shall be sized appropriately for

MAINTENANCE: Rock construction entrance thickness shall be constantly maintained to the

specified dimensions by adding rock. A stockpile shall be maintained on site for this purpose

All sediment deposited on paved roadways shall be removed and returned to the construction

site immediately. If excessive amounts of sediment are being deposited on roadway, extend

wash rack. Washing the roadway or sweeping the deposits into roadway ditches, sewers,

ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

length of rock construction entrance by 50 foot increments until condition is alleviated or install

Runoff shall be diverted from roadway to a suitable sediment removal BMP prior to entering

Modified from Maryland DOE

rock construction entrance.

size of ditch being crossed

Description

REVISIONS

culverts, or other drainage courses is not acceptable.

THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PROPER CONSTRUCTION STABILIZATION, AND MAINTENANCE OF ALL TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL MEASURES AND RELATED ITEMS INCLUDED WITHIN THIS PLAN. THE CONTRACTOR WILL ALSO BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE PROPER CONSTRUCTION AND STABILIZATION OF PERMANENT CONTROL MEASURES AND RELATED ITEMS INCLUDED

THE OWNER WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE MAINTENANCE OF ALL PERMANENT CONTROL MEASURES. SOIL SEDIMENT REMOVED FROM ANY TEMPORARY CONTROL MEASURE DURING REGULAR MAINTENANCE WILL BE INCORPORATED BACK INTO THE EARTHWORK AS FILL ON THE SITE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED PADEP CLEAN UP PLAN FOR THE PROJECT. AS NECESSARY, SOIL SEDIMENT MATERIAL SHALL BE DISTRIBUTED ON-SITE WITHOUT CHANGING DRAINAGE PATTERNS DURING A SPECIFIC CONSTRUCTION STAGE. COMPOST FILTER SOCK INSTALLED ON THE PROJECT SITE SHALL BE MAINTAINED AS FOLLOWS: 1. THE SOCK CONDITION WILL BE INSPECTED ONCE A WEEK OR AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT. DAMAGED SOCKS SHALL BE REPAIRED ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS OR REPLACED WITHIN 24 HOURS OF INSPECTION

ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN IT REACHES 1/2 THE ABOVE GROUND HEIGHT OF THE SOCK AND DISPOSED OF PROPERLY. 3. BIODEGRADABLE FILTER SOCKS SHALL BE REPLACED AFTER 6 MONTHS; PHOTODEGRADABLE SOCKS AFTER 1 YEAR, POLYPROPYLENE SOCKS SHALL BE REPLACED ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS 4. ANY MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS WILL BE ADHERED TO FOR REPLACING THE SOCK DUE TO WEATHERING. THE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE WILL BE INSPECTED AT THE END OF EACH WORK DAY

THE THICKNESS WILL BE CONSTANTLY MAINTAINED TO THE SPECIFIED DIMENSION BY ADDING ROCK. A STOCKPILE OF ROCK MATERIAL WILL BE MAINTAINED ON THE SITE FOR SEDIMENT ACCUMULATION IN THE SEDIMENTATION BASIN AND TRAPS SHALL BE INSPECTED ONCE A WEEK OR AFTER EVERY STORM EVENT, WHICHEVER COMES FIRST. SEDIMENT ACCUMULATION WILL BE MONITORED WITH A CLEARLY MARKED GAUGE POLE. SEDIMENT WILL BE REMOVED FROM THE BASIN WHEN IT REACHES THE SPECIFIED

SEDIMENT CLEAN OUT ELEVATION. AT THE END OF EACH CONSTRUCTION DAY, ANY SEDIMENT DEPOSITED ON PUBLIC ROADWAYS, WILL BE REMOVED AND RETURNED TO THE CONSTRUCTION SITE. WASHING OF THE ROADWAY WITH WATER WILL NOT BE PERMITTED.

NOTE: THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE ON SITE A WRITTEN REPORT DOCUMENTING EACH INSPECTION AND ALL BMP REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES.

MAINTENANCE INSPECTION

UTILITY TRENCH EXCAVATION GUIDELINES

Construction requirements -Limit advance clearing and grubbing operations to a distance equal to two times the length of pipe installation that can be completed in one day. b. Work crews and equipment for trenching, placement of pipe, plug construction and backfilling will be self contained and separate from clearing and grubbing and site restoration and stabilization operations.

Limit daily trench excavation to the length of pipe placement, plug installation and backfilling that can be completed the same day. Trench plugs will be spaced and be constructed of the materials shown on

Drawing 27.01. (1) At all crossings of waters of the Commonwealth, trench plugs will be installed at the banks after trench excavation. The plugs may be temporarily removed when placing the pipe, but then replaced. (2) Construction of the crossing will be in accordance with the

requirements of PADER. e. Water which accumulates in the open trench will be completely removed by pumping, as required, to a facility for removal of sediment in accordance with PADER guidelines.

f. On the day following pipe placement and trench backfilling, the disturbed area will be graded to final contours and appropriate temporary erosion and sediment pollution control measures/facilities will be installed. Seeding and mulching of all disturbed areas will be done at the end of each week. 2. Exceptions — In certain cases trenches cannot be backfilled until the pipe is hydrostatically tested, or anchors and other permanent features are installed in these cases, all of the requirements listed under item 1 will remain in effect with the following exceptions:

2c. Daily backfilling of the trench may be delayed for six days. All pressure testing and the complete backfilling of the open trench must be completed by the seventh working day. 2f. If daily backfilling is delayed, the disturbed area will be graded to final

contours, appropriate temporary erosion and sediment control measures/facilities will be installed, and the areas seeded and mulched within the next two calendar days.

UTILITY TRENCH NOTES

APPLICANT / EQUITABLE OWNER: AMBLER CROSSINGS DEVELOPMENT PARTNERS, LP 201 S. MAPLE AVENUE, SUITE 100

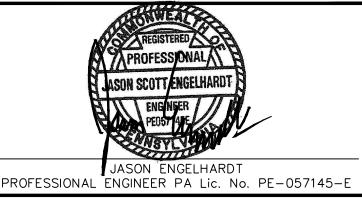
AMBLER, PA 19002 P: (484)532-7830

RECORD OWNER:

MAPLE AVE PARK PARTNERS, LLP 110 SPRUCE ROAD

PER PADEP REVIEW LETTER 12-18-13

Date



LANGAN T: 610.984.8500 F: 610.984.8501 www.langan.com

PENNSYLVANIA CONNECTICUT FLORIDA ABU DHABI ATHENS DOHA

Langan Engineering, Environmental, Surveying and Landscape Architecture, D.P.C Langan Engineering and Environmental Services, Inc.

AMBLER CROSSINGS

SOIL EROSION AND Date **SEDIMENT** CONTROL DETAILS Drawn By

AMBLER, PA 19002 P: (484)532-7830 240025501 7-5-13 N.T.S.

AMBLER BOROUGH MONTGOMERY COUNTY **CE-50**1

PENNSYLVANIA

APPENDIX C - STANDARD E&S PLAN NOTES

approval at its discretion

The following notes should be placed on the E&S plan drawings.

conservation district to an on-site preconstruction meeting.

for the location of existing underground utilities.

roots and other objectionable material.

clearing and grubbing operations begin.

district or by the Department prior to implementation.

1. All earth disturbances, including clearing and grubbing as well as cuts and fills shall be done in

accordance with the approved E&S plan. A copy of the approved drawings (stamped, signed and

dated by the reviewing agency) must be available at the project site at all times. The reviewing

2. At least 7 days prior to starting any earth disturbance activities, including clearing and grubbing, the

owner and/or operator shall invite all contractors, the landowner, appropriate municipal officials, the

E&S plan preparer, the PCSM plan preparer, the licensed professional responsible for oversight of

previously unmarked, the Pennsylvania One Call System Inc. shall be notified at 1-800-242-1776

4. All earth disturbance activities shall proceed in accordance with the sequence provided on the plan

5. Areas to be filled are to be cleared, grubbed, and stripped of topsoil to remove trees, vegetation.

6. Clearing, grubbing, and topsoil stripping shall be limited to those areas described in each stage of

for that stage or phase have been installed and are functioning as described in this E&S plan.

boundaries shown on the plan maps. These areas must be clearly marked and fenced off before

8. Topsoil required for the establishment of vegetation shall be stockpiled at the location(s) shown on

the plan maps(s) in the amount necessary to complete the finish grading of all exposed areas that

are to be stabilized by vegetation. Each stockpile shall be protected in the manner shown on the

plan drawings. Stockpile heights shall not exceed 35 feet. Stockpile slopes shall be 2H:1V or

erosion and/or sediment pollution, the operator shall implement appropriate best management

accordance with the Department's Solid Waste Management Regulations at 25 Pa. Code 260.1 et seq., 271.1, and 287.1 et. seq. No building materials or wastes or unused building materials shall

9. Immediately upon discovering unforeseen circumstances posing the potential for accelerated

practices to minimize the potential for erosion and sediment pollution and notify the local

10. All building materials and wastes shall be removed from the site and recycled or disposed of in

11. All off-site waste and borrow areas must have an E&S plan approved by the local conservation

Form FP-001 must be retained by the property owner for any fill material affected by a spill or

13. All pumping of water from any work area shall be done according to the procedure described in this

14. Vehicles and equipment may neither enter directly nor exit directly from lots (specify lot numbers)

Maintenance shall include inspections of all erosion and sediment BMPs after each runoff event and on a weekly basis. All preventative and remedial maintenance work, including clean out, repair, replacement, regrading, reseeding, remulching and renetting must be performed

immediately. If the E&S BMPs fail to perform as expected, replacement BMPs, or modifications of

16. A log showing dates that E&S BMPs were inspected as well as any deficiencies found and the date

17. Sediment tracked onto any public roadway or sidewalk shall be returned to the construction site by

19. Areas which are to be topsoiled shall be scarified to a minimum depth of 3 to 5 inches — 6 to

21. All earthen fills shall be placed in compacted layers not to exceed 9 inches in thickness.

materials that would interfere with or prevent construction of satisfactory fills.

they were corrected shall be maintained on the site and be made available to regulatory agency

the end of each work day and disposed in the manner described in this plan. In no case shall the

12 inches on compacted soils — prior to placement of topsoil. Areas to be vegetated shall have a

minimum 4 inches of topsoil in place prior to seeding and mulching. Fill outslopes shall have a

20. All fills shall be compacted as required to reduce erosion, slippage, settlement, subsidence or other related problems. Fill intended to support buildings, structures and conduits, etc. shall be

22. Fill materials shall be free of frozen particles, brush, roots, sod, or other foreign or objectionable

23. Frozen materials or soft, mucky, or highly compressible materials shall not be incorporated into fills.

25. Seeps or springs encountered during construction shall be handled in accordance with the standard

surface water, or as otherwise shown on the plan drawings, shall be blanketed according to the

operator shall stabilize all disturbed areas. During non-germinating months, mulch or protective blanketing shall be applied as described in the plan. Areas not at finished grade, which will be reactivated within 1 year, may be stabilized in accordance with the temporary stabilization specifications. Those areas which will not be reactivated within 1 year shall be stabilized in

28. Permanent stabilization is defined as a minimum uniform, perennial 70% vegetative cover or other

slopes shall be capable of resisting failure due to slumping, sliding, or other movements.

30. Upon completion of all earth disturbance activities and permanent stabilization of all disturbed areas, the owner and/or operator shall contact the local conservation district for an inspection prior

31. After final site stabilization has been achieved, temporary erosion and sediment BMPs must be removed or converted to permanent post construction stormwater management BMPs. Areas

32. Upon completion of all earth disturbance activities and permanent stabilization of all disturbed

33. Failure to correctly install E&S BMPs, failure to prevent sediment-laden runoff from leaving the

disturbed during removal or conversion of the BMPs shall be stabilized immediately. In order to ensure rapid revegetation of disturbed areas, such removal/conversions are to be done only during

areas, the owner and/or operator shall contact the local conservation district to schedule a final

construction site, or failure to take immediate corrective action to resolve failure of E&S BMPs may

result in administrative, civil, and/or criminal penalties being instituted by the Department as defined

in Section 602 of the Pennsylvania Clean Streams Law. The Clean Streams Law provides for up to

\$10,000 per day in civil penalties, up to \$10,000 in summary criminal penalties, and up to \$25,000

29. E&S BMPs shall remain functional as such until all areas tributary to them are permanently

permanent non-vegetative cover with a density sufficient to resist accelerated erosion. Cut and fill

stabilized or until they are replaced by another BMP approved by the local conservation district or

26. All graded areas shall be permanently stabilized immediately upon reaching finished grade. Cut slopes in competent bedrock and rock fills need not be vegetated. Seeded areas within 50 feet of a

sediment be washed, shoveled, or swept into any roadside ditch, storm sewer, or surface water. 18. All sediment removed from BMPs shall be disposed of in the manner described on the plan

12. The contractor is responsible for ensuring that any material brought on site is clean fill.

release of a regulated substance but qualifying as clean fill due to analytical testing.

15. Until the site is stabilized, all erosion and sediment BMPs shall be maintained properly.

conservation district and/or the regional office of the Department.

district or the Department fully implemented prior to being activated.

be burned, buried, dumped, or discharged at the site.

plan, over undisturbed vegetated areas.

onto _____(specify road names)

those installed will be required.

officials at the time of inspection.

minimum of 2 inches of topsoil.

standards of this plan.

the Department.

the germinating season.

to removal/conversion of the E&S BMPs.

in misdemeanor criminal penalties for each violation.

compacted in accordance with local requirements or codes.

and specification for subsurface drain or other approved method.

accordance with the permanent stabilization specifications.

24. Fill shall not be placed on saturated or frozen surfaces.

7. At no time shall construction vehicles be allowed to enter areas outside the limit of disturbance

commence in any stage or phase of the project until the E&S BMPs specified by the BMP sequence

the construction sequence. General site clearing, grubbing and topsoil stripping may not

drawings. Deviation from that sequence must be approved in writing from the local conservation

critical stages of implementation of the PCSM plan, and a representative from the local

3. At least 3 days prior to starting any earth disturbance activities, or expanding into an area

agency shall be notified of any changes to the approved plan prior to implementation of those changes. The reviewing agency may require a written submittal of those changes for review and

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Growth habit refers to the ability of the species to either form a dense sod by vegetative means (stolons, rhizomes, or

roots) or remain in a bunch or single plant form. If seeded heavily enough, even bunch formers can produce a very dense stand. This is sometimes called a sod, but not in the sense of a sod formed by vegetative means.

 \mathbf{Habit}^1

bunch

bunch

bunch

bunch

bunch

bunch ves no ves

Warm-Season Grasses

Weeping lovegrass

Cool-Season Grasses

Switchgrass⁶

Tall Fescue

Fine fescues

Perennial ryegrass

Annual ryegrass Kentucky bluegrass

Reed canarygrass

Smooth bromegrass

Orchardgrass

Legumes⁵

Flatpea

Cereals

Crownvetch Birdsfoot trefoil⁶

Serecia lespedeza

Winter wheat

Winter rve

Spring oats

Sundangrass

Japanese millet

Redtop

Big bluestem

Once established, plants may grow at a somewhat lower Ph, but cover generally is only adequate at Ph 6.0 or above.

Minimum seedlots are truly minimum, and seedlots to be used for revegetation purposes should equal or exceed these standards. Thus, deertongue grass should germinate 75% or better. Crownvetch should have at least 40% readily germinable seed and 30% hard seed. Commonly, seedlots are available that equal or exceed minimum specifications.

Remember that disturbed sites are adverse for plant establishment. Ready germination refers to seed that germinates during the period of the germination test and that would be expected, if conditions are favorable, to germinate rapidly when planted. The opposite of ready germination is dormant seed, of which hard seed is one type.

Switchgrass seed is sold only on the basis of pure live seed (PLS).

Need specific legume inoculant. Inoculant suitable for garden peas and sweetpeas usually is satisfactory for flatpea.

⁶ Birdsfoot trefoil is adapted over the entire state, except in the extreme southeast where crown and root rots may injure Penn State, "Erosion Control & Conservation Plantings on Noncropland,"

Mulch Type Straw

Wood Chips

Hay

Hydromulch Notes: 1. Shredded paper hydromulch should not be used on slopes steeper than 5%. Wood fiber hydromulch may be applied on

Application Rate (Min.) Per 1,000 sq. ft. Per 1,000 sq. vd. Notes Per Acre Either wheat or oat straw, 140 lb. 1,240 lb. 3 tons free of weeds, not chopped or finely broken 140 lb. 1,240 lb. Timothy, mixed clover 3 tons and timothy or other native forage grasses 185 - 275 lb. 1,650 - 2,500 lb. May prevent germination 4-6 tons

TABLE 11.6

Mulch Application Rates

TABLE 11.3 Plant Tolerances of Soil Limitation Factors

Fertility $(Ph 5-5.5)^2$

Acid Soil

Purity

Germ

(%)

(60 PLS)

(60 PLS)

Low

Minimum Seed Specifications

Seed

Hard Total

Germ

80

of grasses and legumes

Seeds/lb

150

5.000

227

2,200

(%) (1,000s)

Hydromulch

47 lb. 415 See limitations below 1 ton

TEMPORARY SEEDING:

- a. THE FOLLOWING SURFACES OF THE SITE SHALL BE TEMPORARILY SEEDED
- 1. THE SURFACE OF TOPSOIL STOCKPILES 2. THE SURFACE OF EXPOSED EARTH AREAS NOT SUBJECT TO CONSTRUCTION
- b. SEEDING SHALL OCCUR IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE TOPSOIL STOCKPILES OR ROUGH GRADING. THE FOLLOWING SEED SHALL BE PLANTED:
 - 1. RYEGRASS BLUE TAG CERTIFIED 100% 4 TO 5 LBS. PER 1,000 SQUARE FEET. 2. ANNUAL TYPE - TYPICAL
- 3. PERENNIAL TYPE NOT APPLICABLE
- c. PREPARE AREAS TO BE SEEDED AS FOLLOWS: 1. REMOVE ALL DEBRIS, INCLUDING LARGE STONE. TILL SOIL TO A DEPTH OF FOUR INCHES TO SIX INCHES. APPLY PULVERIZED AGRICULTURAL GRADED LIME AT A RATE OF 2 TONS PER ACRE 2. BEFORE AUGUST, SEPTEMBER, OR OCTOBER SEEDING, APPLY 20-25 LBS. OF 10-20-20
- FERTILIZER PER 1,000 SQUARE FEET. WORK INTO TOP INCH OF SOIL d. SOW SEED AT THE INDICATED RATE. DIVIDE SEED INTO TWO EQUAL LOTS. SOW ONE LOT IN ONE DIRECTION. SOW SECOND LOT AT RIGHT ANGLE TO FIRST LOT

PERMANENT SEEDING:

- a. PRIOR TO SEEDING, AREA IS TO BE TOPSOILED, FINE GRADED, AND RAKED OF ALL DEBRIS LARGER
- THAN 2" DIAMETER. b. THE FOLLOWING SEED MIX SHALL BE SOWN AT THE RATES AS DEPICTED:
- RED FESCUE 1 1/2 LBS./1,000 SF PERENNIAL RYEGRASS 1 LBS./1.000 SF KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS
- 1 1/2 LBS./1,000 SF SPREADING FESCUE 1 LBS./1,000 SF c. SEED MIX SHALL BE MULCHED WITH SALT HAY OR UNROTTED SMALL GRAIN STRAW AT A RATE OF 2
- TONS/AC OR 90 LBS/1,000 SF
- d. SEEDING DATES FOR THIS MIXTURE SHALL BE AS FOLLOWS:
- SPRING: APRIL 1 MAY 31
- FALL: AUGUST 16 OCTOBER 31 e. GERMINATION RATES WILL VARY AS TO TIME OF YEAR FOR SOWING. CONTRACTOR TO IRRIGATE SEEDED AREA UNTIL AN ACCEPTABLE STAND OF COVER IS ESTABLISHED BY OWNER.

TABLE 11.1 Cubic Yards of Topsoil Required for Application to Various Depths Per 1,000 Square Feet Per Acre Depth (in) 134 268 403 9.3 12.4 537 15.5 672

24.8

18.6

21.7

Adapted from VA DSWO

806

940

1,074

steeper slopes provided a tackifier is used. The application rate for any hydromulch should be 2,000 lb/acre at a minimum. STABILIZATION METHODS AND STANDARDS DISCHARGE HOSE-

-HEAVY DUTY LIFTING STRAPS (RECOMMENDED) —DISCHARGE HOSE PLAN VIEW

WELL VEGETATED, GRASSY AREA INTAKE HOSE-

ĬĹŤĔŘ BĂĞ

ELEVATION VIEW

PROPERTY	TEST METHOD	MINIMUM STANDARD
AVG. WIDE WIDTH STRENGTH	ASTM D-4884	60 LB/IN
GRAB TENSILE	ASTM D-4632	205 LB
PUNCTURE	ASTM D-4833	110 LB
MULLEN BURST	ASTM D-3786	350 PSI
UV RESISTANCE	ASTM D-4355	70%

AOS % RETAINED ASTM D-4751 80 SIEVE

LOW VOLUME FILTER BAGS SHALL BE MADE FROM NON-WOVEN GEOTEXTILE MATERIAL SEWN WITH HIGH STRENGTH, DOUBLE STITCHED "J" TYPE SEAMS. THEY SHALL BE CAPABLE OF TRAPPING PARTICLES LARGER

THAN 150 MICRONS. HIGH VOLUME FILTER BAGS SHALL BE MADE FROM WOVEN GEOTEXTILES THAT MEET THE FOLLOWING STANDARDS: A SUITABLE MEANS OF ACCESSING THE BAG WITH MACHINERY REQUIRED FOR DISPOSAL PURPOSES SHALL BE PROVIDED. FILTER BAGS SHALL BE REPLACED WHEN THEY BECOME 1/2 FULL OF SEDIMENT. SPARE BAGS SHALL BE KEPT AVAILABLE FOR REPLACEMENT OF THOSE THAT HAVE FAILED OR ARE FILLED. BAGS SHALL BE PLACED

ON STRAPS TO FACILITATE REMOVAL UNLESS BAGS COME WITH LIFTING STRAPS ALREADY ATTACHED. BAGS SHALL BE LOCATED IN WELL-VEGETATED (GRASSY) AREA, AND DISCHARGE ONTO STABLE, EROSION RESISTANT AREAS. WHERE THIS IS NOT POSSIBLE, A GEOTEXTILE UNDERLAYMENT AND FLOW PATH SHALL BE PROVIDED. BAGS MAY BE PLACED ON FILTER STONE TO INCREASE DISCHARGE CAPACITY. BAGS SHALL NOT E PLACED ON SLOPES GREATER THAN 5%. FOR SLOPES EXCEEDING 5%, CLEAN ROCK OR OTHER NON-ERODIBLE AND NON-POLLUTING MATERIAL MAY BE PLACED UNDER THE BAG TO REDUCE SLOPE STEEPNESS. NO DOWNSLOPE SEDIMENT BARRIER IS REQUIRED FOR MOST INSTALLATIONS. COMPOST BERM OR COMPOST FILTER SOCK SHALL BE INSTALLED BELOW BAGS LOCATED IN HQ OR EV WATERSHEDS, WITHIN 50 FEET OF ANY

THE PUMP DISCHARGE HOSE SHALL BE INSERTED INTO THE BAGS IN THE MANNER SPECIFIED BY THE THE PUMPING RATE SHALL BE NO GREATER THAN 750 GPM OR 1/2 THE MAXIMUM SPECIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER, WHICHEVER IS LESS. PUMP INTAKES SHALL BE FLOATING AND SCREENED. FILTER BAGS SHALL BE INSPECTED DAILY. IF ANY PROBLEM IS DETECTED, PUMPING SHALL CEASE IMMEDIATELY

AND NOT RESUME UNTIL THE PROBLEM IS CORRECTED. * WATER TO BE PUMPED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PADEP APPROVED CLEAN UP PLAN.

SEDIMENT FILTER BAG FOR PUMPED WATER

Sequence of Construction

- 1. Each stage of the sequence of construction must be completed prior to initiation of the next stage of the sequence of construction. Construction activities within each stage may overlap provided that work within each area is carried out in sequence. The Montgomery County Soil Conservation District must be notified by the contractor in writing 72 hours prior to any land disturbances. A pre-construction meeting is to be held with the District, on site, prior to disturbance. An owner representative, the site contractor representative, project engineer, and any other pertinent personnel should attend. The borough shall be notified of said meeting.
- 2. The "Ambler Crossings" project shall be constructed in accordance with plans approved by the Borough of Ambler, erosion and sediment pollution control plans approved by the Montgomery County Conservation District and the PADEP approved Clean Up Plan under the Land Recycling Act 2 Program.
- 3. All blasting activity, if required, should be done in accordance with the local, state and federal regulations. Contractor should notify Owner and all regulatory agencies in writing prior and obtain any necessary permits prior to any blasting activities.

STAGE 1

- 1. Install a gravel buffer of AASHTO No. 1 rock, 8 inches deep at the construction entrances (CE-1&2) immediately before initial disturbances as per standards on drawings. Gravel buffer to be underlain by filter fabric as indicated on the detail plans. All construction traffic should use only this area for ingress and egress. Set up the contaminant reduction zone for the decontamination of equipment and personnel where shown on plans. As conditions warrant, these locations may be modified with the prior approval from the Montgomery County Soil Conservation district.
- 2. Install construction entrances, compost filter socks and adjust existing perimeter fence as indicated on drawing CE-101, CE-102 & CE-103. Method of installation and maintenance in accordance with PADEP requirements and as indicated on the detail plans. The installation of the construction entrances,
- compost filter socks, and existing perimeter fence relocations at the indicated location should be done prior to any other earth disturbances. 3. Excavate and dispose of material in the magnesia disturbance areas, delineated on sheet CE-101, in accordance with the PADEP approved Clean Up Plan.

STAGE 2

- 1. Clear and grub area of proposed disturbance.
- 2. Crush concrete rubble onsite and stockpile where indicated on drawing CE-102.
- 3. If the main access road near Chestnut St. is to be un-stabilized for an extended period of time, a water bar shall be installed as indicated on drawing CE-102. 4. Install underground basin connection to existing 5'x7' arch culvert. Install storm pipe from this connection and under the permanent northeast parking lot to the fence line at the existing Boiler House parking lot as shown on drawing CE-102. Contractor shall ensure all pipes and structures constructed upstream of

this connection have adequate sediment controls at the end of each day. At no point shall sediment laden runoff from construction activities enter the existing

- 5. Construct permanent northeast parking area to subbase elevation to be utilized for temporary Boiler House parking. Construct temporary access to new
- parking area. Place topsoil and excess fill material in areas designated on the plan and in accordance with the PADEP approved Clean Up Plan. 6. Install the remaining storm sewer system from the fence line at the existing Boiler House parking lot as shown on drawing CE-102 to the underground detention basin and install the underground detention basin. Install permanent storm sewer pipes and associated drainage structures at the Ambler Crossings site. The storm sewer systems shall be installed from downstream to upstream. As catch basins are constructed, place inlet protection filter bags inside and
- maintain as indicated on drawing CE-102. 7. Install remaining section of storm pipe and structure. Place inlet filter bag in catch basin. Rebuild remaining section of Boiler House parking to proposed

subbase elevation.

- STAGE 3
- 1. Remove temporary access drive after Boiler House parking is rebuilt and connected to new northeast parking area
- 2. Construct retaining wall at eastern corner of site and along Chestnut Street. 3. Excavate for building foundations, re-consolidate excavated material onsite and/or properly
- dispose of excess material offsite in accordance with PADEP approved Clean Up Plan. 4. Begin construction of on-site utilities including roof leaders. On site subsurface utilities shall consist of gas, electric, telephone, cable, water, and sanitary sewers. Advance trench excavation shall be limited to the length of pipe that can be completed in the same day. Trench excavation material to be re-consolidated onsite and/or properly disposed of excess material in accordance with the PADEP approved Clean Up Plan. On the day following utility
- installation, the trench area shall be graded to subgrade elevation. Hydroseeding and/or liquid mulching of all disturbed areas shall be completed at the end of each work day. All water, sewer, gas mains and other underground facilities shall be installed prior to paving.
- 5. Construct curbing along paved areas and roadways as indicated on drawing CE-103.
- 6. Construct sidewalks as indicated on drawing CE-103.
- 7. Place gravel subbase and bituminous subbase course in areas of proposed pavement.
- 8. Complete final site grading and landscape of all appropriate areas. Stabilize with permanent seed and mulch.

the removal of temporary sediment pollution control devices must be permanently stabilized.

- 9. Once final capping operation is completed the contamination reduction zone can be removed.
- 10. Commence vertical construction of proposed buildings and pool. Schedule determined by Contractors. 11. Complete final surface course paving.
- 12. Construction entrances, compost filter socks, perimeter fence, and inlet protection shall be maintained until all improvements to the site are completed, road and parking areas are paved, and 70% uniform permanent vegetative coverage has been established. 13. Once all permanent measures have been installed, clean out accumulated silt from the compost filter socks, remove the construction entrances, compost filter

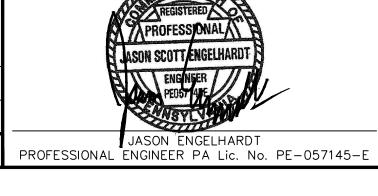
socks, perimeter fence, and inlet protection and dispose of properly in accordance with the PADEP approved Clean Up Plan. All disturbed areas caused by

APPLICANT / EQUITABLE OWNER: AMBLER CROSSINGS DEVELOPMENT PARTNERS, LP 201 S. MAPLE AVENUE, SUITE 100 AMBLER, PA 19002

RECORD OWNER: MAPLE AVE PARK PARTNERS, LLP 110 SPRUCE ROAD AMBLER, PA 19002 P: (484)532-7830

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PER PADEP REVIEW LETTER 12-18-13 Date Description REVISIONS



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Langan Engineering and Environmental Services, Inc.

AMBLER CROSSINGS

AMBLER BOROUGH

SOIL EROSION AND Date **SEDIMENT** CONTROL DETAILS

240025501 7-5-13 **CE-502** N.T.S.

PENNSYLVANIA

MONTGOMERY COUNTY

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